FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - NON-CIL HARDWARE NUMBER:M8-1SS-E031 -X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ECLSS - ARPCS

REVISION: 0

04/08/97

PART DATA

PART NAME **VENDOR NAME**

PART NUMBER **VENDOR NUMBER**

LRU

:VALVE, MANUAL DEPRESSURIZATION

MC250-0004-0011

CARLETON TECHNOLOGIES

2765-0001-1

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS: EXTERNAL AIRLOCK MANUAL DEPRESSURIZATION VALVE

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 1

ONE

FUNCTION:

PROVIDES CAPABILITY FOR DEPRESSURIZATION OF THE ODS BY VENTING PRESSURE OVERBOARD VIA A VACUUM VENT LINE AND TEE. THE VALVE IS A BUTTERFLY VALVE THAT HAS TWO FLOW POSITIONS FIXED BY DETENTS IN THE ACTUATION MECHANISM. THIS VALVE IS MANUALLY OPERATED WITHIN THE EXTERNAL AIRLOCK.

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS:

V528-643001 V828-643050

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS FMEA - NON-CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: M8-1SS-E031-01

REVISION#: 0

04/08/97

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ECLSS - ARPCS

LRU: VALVE, MANUAL DEPRESSURIZATION ITEM NAME: VALVE, MANUAL DEPRESSURIZATION **CRITICALITY OF THIS**

FAILURE MODE: 1R3

FAILURE MODE:

FAILS TO OPEN

MISSION PHASE:

OO ON-ORBIT

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY:

103 DISCOVERY

104 ATLANTIS

105 ENDEAVOUR

CAUSE:

CORROSION, PHYSICAL BINDING/JAMMING, EXCESSIVE VIBRATION, MECHANICAL

SHOCK, MATERIAL DEFECT, FATIGUE

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) PASS

B) PASS

C) PASS

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

B)

C)

METHOD OF FAULT DETECTION:

PHYSICAL OBSERVATION - VALVE DOES NOT OPEN WHEN MANUALLY OPERATED.

CORRECTING ACTION: MANUAL

CORRECTING ACTION DESCRIPTION:

CREW COULD LITILIZE ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON THE EXTERNAL AIRLOCK AFT HATCH (WHEN A PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS NOT INSTALLED) OR UTILIZE ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON THE TUNNEL ADAPTER "C" HATCH (WHEN A PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) TO VENT PRESSURE TO THE OUTSIDE WHEN

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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M8-1SS-E031-01

ORBITER AND SPACE STATION ARE DOCKED. ADDITIONAL CAPABILITY TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS IS AVAILABLE WHEN ORBITER AND SPACE STATION ARE NOT DOCKED BY THE USE OF ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON EXTERNAL AIRLOCK UPPER HATCH.

REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

VALVE IS ONLY UTILIZED TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS FOR PERFORMING AN EVA. IT IS IDENTICAL TO THE MANUAL DEPRESS VALVE LOCATED WITHIN THE INTERNAL AIRLOCK.

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

LOSS OF FUNCTION - VALVE CANNOT BE USED TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS.

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

EVA ACTIVITIES WOULD BE MORE COMPLEX.

(C) MISSION:

NO EFFECT UNTIL ALL ODS DEPRESSURIZATION CAPABILITIES ARE LOST. THEN INABILITY TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS TO PERFORM A PLANNED EVA WOULD RESULT IN LOSS OF MISSION OBJECTIVES ASSOCIATED WITH EVA.

(D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

NO EFFECT UNTIL ALL ODS DEPRESSURIZATION CAPABILITIES ARE LOST. THEN INABILITY TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS TO PERFORM A CONTINGENCY EVA COULD RESULT IN LOSS OF CREW AND VEHICLE.

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

WORST CASE WHEN ORBITER AND SPACE STATION ARE DOCKED:

FIRST FAILURE (DEPRESS VALVE FAILS TO OPEN) - INABILITY TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS USING EXTERNAL AIRLOCK MANUAL DEPRESS VALVE.

SECOND FAILURE (FIRST EQUALIZATION VALVE ON EXTERNAL AIRLOCK AFT HATCH (WHEN NO PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) OR ON TUNNEL ADAPTER "C" HATCH (WHEN A PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) FAILS TO OPEN) - NO EFFECT OTHER THAN DEPRESSURIZATION TIME INCREASED WHEN USING A SINGLE EQUALIZATION VALVE TO VENT PRESSURE OVERBOARD.

THIRD FAILURE (SECOND EQUALIZATION VALVE ON EXTERNAL AIRLOCK AFT HATCH (WHEN NO PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) OR ON TUNNEL ADAPTER "C" HATCH (WHEN A PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) FAILS TO OPEN) - LOSS OF ALL ODS DEPRESS CAPABILITIES RESULTING IN THE INABILITY TO PERFORM AN EVA. LOSS OF MISSION OBJECTIVES ASSOCIATED WITH A PLANNED EVA. - CRITICALITY 2R3 CONDITION.

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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M8-1SS-E031-01

FOURTH FAILURE (FAILURE NECESSITATING AN EVA TO CORRECT A POTENTIAL CATASTROPHIC SITUATION) - LOSS OF CONTINGENCY EVA CAPABILITIES TO CORRECT A CRIT 1 CONDITION COULD RESULT IN LOSS OF CREW AND VEHICLE. - CRITICALITY 1R3 CONDITION.

- TIME FRAME -

TIME FROM FAILURE TO CRITICAL EFFECT: DAYS

TIME FROM FAILURE OCCURRENCE TO DETECTION: SECONDS

TIME FROM DETECTION TO COMPLETED CORRECTING ACTION: MINUTES

IS TIME REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT CORRECTING ACTION LESS THAN TIME TO EFFECT? YES

RATIONALE FOR TIME TO CORRECTING ACTION VS TIME TO EFFECT:
CREW WOULD HAVE AMPLE TIME TO DEPRESSURIZE ODS FOR PERFORMING AN EVA
USING HATCH EQUALIZATION VALVES BEFORE PROBLEM BECAME CATASTROPHIC.

HAZARD REPORT NUMBER(S): FF-09

HAZARD(S) DESCRIPTION: INABILITY TO SAFELY PERFORM EVA.

- APPROVALS -

SS & PAE

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